GUIDE TOONDUCTING MUNICIPAL INVENTORY

Purpose After identifying alcoholelated problems in your community, a municipal inventory helps you take the ext step to preventing them. A municipal inventory is a careful review the ordinances, policies, and practices that exist in your community. It allows you to identify missing policies that should be fille with to reveal existing, but unenforced, policies.

Municipal ordinances and policies can be a strong force for preveating ssive alcohol use in your community. Of course, just having them on the books is not endugbe effective, your community must use and enforce the But when enforced, municipal ordinances and olicies can address contributing factors, also called root causes, of alcohoded problems

In Wisconsin, municipalities (cities, villages, and towns) control licensing of alcohol beverage retail sales, such as by restaurants, bars, grocery stores, and liquor stores. Local governments, including municipalities and counties, may also regulate alcohol use. Because control is local, ordinances and policies may vary dramatically between communities.

A Toolbox of Evidence ased Policies and Practices

This guide to conducting inventory contains toolbox of evidence asedand evidence informed policies and practices that have been adopted by some Wisconsin communities tools listed here are just some the policies and practices

I.

Although many municipalities have a section of the ordinances dedicated to alcohol control, some alcoholelated ordinances malye

- Police enforcement d/InderageDrinkingordinances.
- Police enforcement of Bocial Host Law violations.
- Whetheror howpublic intoxication or public carrying of opbeveragesare enforced.

D. Interview Local Officials

Finally, set up a telephone call with a citogouncil member, village trustee or town supervisor help youfill anygaps in your completed inventor/sk about informal policies or traditions that will not appearanyw-8 (y)]h (d)14 (di) (c)8b (ubl)TJ 0 Tc 0 Tw 3.0Tj 0.005 Tc -0.005 Tw 0.28 7 Td [(g w] (0.001 Tc 0.003 Tw 0.23 4 Td [(or)2 (u)6 ((n)-8 (c)4 (il me (o(o)-2 (p)60 ())]T4 Often, the first step is supporting local enforcement of existing lawse kample, when underage drinking is a problema two-pronged approach may be necessaling police department can conduct alcohol age compliance checksicensed businesses and also ticket those local adults who host underage drinking Both steps are essential teducing youth access to alcohobut enforcement may equire the allocation of local resources and citizen support for the existing law.

Sometimes the problem is systemic. For examyobe, might note that the municipality grants all alcohol licenses applications and never denies on This might indicate a lack of understanding by decision makers of what types of control they are allowed to exert and be an opportunity to educate your decision makers.

Wisconsin Alcohol Policy Project Comprehensive Injury Center, Medical College of Wisconsin Please contact us for questions, technical assistance, or training.

Maureen Busalacchi, Director, mbusalacchi@mcw.edu

Felce BorisyRudin, Policy Analystoporisyrudin@mcw.edu

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II. INVENTORY QUESTIONS

GENERAL ALCOHOL POLICY

1. Chapter 125 Adopted

Has this municipality adopted Wisconsin Statutes Chapter 1,265 amended into local ordinances?

WHY. Most municipalities (cities, towns, or villages) will have an ordinance adopting Wisconsin's chapter on alcohol beverage law into their own municipal ordinances, which gives themunicipality authority to prosecute adopted non-criminal alcohol violations locally in its own municipal court. This ordinance may be located under licenses, public safety, or another location. Generally, if adopted, it is located at the beginning of the section outlining alcohol licensing. Ithrugate something such as, "Chapter 125 of the Wisconsin Statutes is hereby adopted and incorporated by reference."Note whether it also adopted mendments to the statutes

2. Alcohol Outlet DensityMeasured or Mapped

Has the municipality mapped or otherwise determined which areas of the icipality have or are approaching an over on contration of alcohol outlets

WHY. Outlet density is the term used to describe the concentration of alcohol retailers (includingbars, restaurants, and stores) in an area. It might describe how many alcohol beverage retailers are in a particular area compared to its size or population of h close the retailers are to each other. An overncentration of alcohol outletwill increase the rate of alcoholelated disorder and crimeRegardless of sizeommunities will find that a cluster of outlets leads to me problem sevenif the total number of outlets is not disproportionate for the area's population. Decreasing the density of alcohol beverage retailutlets candecrease alcohol i3t

are also easier for local law enforcement to enforce; there is no question of age or relationship between drinkers. Alcohol is simply not permissible at that location.

5. Sigrage LimitationsAdopted

Does the local sign code restrict or ban **lbe**ight advertising in parking lots or adjacent to commercial property?

WHY: The CDC suggests that alcohol advertising be at least 36 inches from the ground—over the sightline of young children. While banning alcohol advertising would be a violation of free speech, banning an entire category of advertising, such as bollard advertising, is possible.

Does the local sign code prohibit billboards and limit the amount of advertising that can cover window spaces?

WHY:

- 7. Small Talks Campaign Conducted Locally Does he municipality, a public health department or a local program conduct the Small Talks campaign?
- 8. Efforts to Secure Alcohol on Private Property

Does themunicipality, police department, a public health department, or a local program provide information on locking up alcohol at home and in garages and provide refrigerator locks?

ALCOHOL BEVERAGE RETAILNSES

Guidelines or Criteria Adopted for anting Alcohol Licenses
Has the municipality adopted guidelines or criteria for awarding new alcohol licenses?

WHY. A municipality may deny an application for an initial dohol license for many reasons But once granted an alcohol license may only be revoked, **menewed** or suspended for serious reasons after a hear **i** hea

10. Well-Defined Description of Licensed Premises Required

Does the municipality require that the applicant describe the licensed premises in detail, and require a site map showing where alcohol beverages will be sold, consumed, or stored?

WHY: The description of the premises determines where alcohol beverargeysbe sold and consumed. If the description the premises for example, includes all 7 acres of a golf course, then alcohol beverages may be sold and consumed anywhere on that golf course. On the other hand, if the description limits the premises to an 80 square foot portion of a grocery store, then alcohol beverages may only be sold in that location. 11. Public Notice & Involvement During Application Review

Does the municipality have a process for the public flicense applications, and do members of the public provide comments d feedback

WHY:Often community members who live or work near the ensed location are most aware of problems associated with that location feedback can have a significant impact on licensing decisions.

12. Alcohol License Condition Required

Does the municipality add alcohol license conditions that address neighborhood or law enforcement concerns to alcohol licenses during the review process?

WHY. At the time an alcohol license is awarded, the municipality may add specific "conditions" on a wide range of issues such as the beverages served, entertainment provided, noise level and drink specials. License conditions can help prevent past problems from recurring under a new owner. Violating a license condition unts to violating the license and may have serious consequences for the licensee.

13. Temporary/Festival License ConditionRequired

Does the municipality require Class B temporary licen (miesic licenses) adopt the practices that prevet underage drinking and overerving at these events?

WHY. 11 identified practices have been shown by researcheduce underage and binge drinking at outdoor festival These practices include ID checks, age entifying

the fact that a business was providing alcohol to underage customers can be used for disciplinary measures.

18. Municipality Keeps Record of Licensees that Fail Compliance Checks

Doesthe municipalitycreate a record of licensees that if anultiple compliance checks?

WHY. State law limits citationswritten as the result of an alcohol age compliance check to the individual clerkbut many communities place letters in license often the clerksat a specific licensee failed the terestepeat offense indicate that management and the training they provide clerkseeds improvement These letters an become part of the annual license renew plrocedure.

19. CurbsidePickup ofAlcohol PurchaseRegulated

Has the municipality adopted an ordinance to regulatebsidealcohol sales sometimes called no contact pickup? ordinance careduce the risk of underage or straw buyers purchasing alcoholy remote sales.

WHY. Some municipalities have adopted specific requirements to reduce the likelihood that alcohol purchased online isold to underage or intoxicatedustomers These polices may include, recording the license plate of cars, video of all customer vehicles or use of wireless ID scanning equipment.

20. Sales of Single Servisgizes of Alcohol Prohibited/here Gasoline is Sold

Does the municipality prohibit the sales singleserving containers of alcohol where gasoline is alsold?

WHY. Singleserving containers are popular with constructions underage buyers. There is also concern that few drivers are purchasing a single serving of alcohol to take to their destination.

21. KegRegistration

<u>If</u>local retailers sell beer by the keg or half keges the community have a keg registration ordinance

WHY: Most alcohol retailers do not sell beer by the keg, but if beer by the keg is available in your community, a keg registration ordinance allows law enforcement to trace the keg back to the purchaser when a keg is at an illegal or violent event 22. Operators (Bartenders) Permits and Operations Based on Individual Behavior Hasthe municipality adopted and implemented policies on awarding Operators Permits?

WHY. Municipalities do not have the same latitu**de**awardingoperators' permitsas retail licenses. Municipalities are preempted from requiring all servers and bartenders be licensed Operators.

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III. INVENTORY TABLEESEARCH RECORD

Торіс	Ordinance(s) Citation	Policy Summary	Is it enforced & how	Link(s)
GENERAL ALCOHOL POL				
1.				

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WISCONSIN ALCOHOL POLICY PROJECT

Торіс	Ordinance(s) Citation	Policy Summary	Is it enforced & how	Link(s)
ALCOHOL BEVERAGE				
RETAIL LICENSES				
16. Licensees Disciplined				
UsingGuidelines or				
Criteria				
17. OngoingMinimum Legal				
Drinking Age				
Compliance Checks				
18. Municipality Keeps				
Record of Licensees that	at			
Fail Compliance Checks	9			
19. Curbside Pickup of				
Alcohol Purchases				
Regulated				
20. Sales of Single Serving	ę			
Sizes of Alcohol				
Prohibited where				
Gasoline is Sold				
21. Keg Registration				
22. Operators (Bartenders)				
Permits and Operations				
Based on Individual				
Behavior				
23. Place of Last Drink				
Compiling Data from				
OWI Arrests				

For more information, contad laureen Busalacchi, Director, Wisconsin Alcohol Policy Project, at mbusalacchi@mcw.edu